ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2019

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Peggy J. Danhof

Kathryn Spindel

Celeste Bermejo

Ruth Newell

Marcelo Valencia

Steven Prodehl

Robert Kalnicky

ADMINISTRATION

Paul Mills, Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules
- Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Library's independent auditing firm.

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Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

PHONE 630.393.1483 • FAX 630.393.2516 www.lauterbachamen.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 16, 2019

Members of the Board of Directors Fountaindale Public Library District Bolingbrook, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois September 16, 2019 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Lauterbach & Amen. LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of the Fountaindale Public Library District's financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements, which begin on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Library's net position increased from a balance of \$18,050,880 to \$20,802,373, an increase of \$2,751,493 or 15.2 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$12,307,615, while governmentwide expenses totaled \$9,556,122, resulting in an increase to net position of \$2,751,493.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds were \$27,141,058 at June 30, 2019 compared to \$26,100,398 in the prior year, an increase of \$1,040,660, or 4.0 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 - 15) provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances.

Fund financial statements begin on page 16. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 15 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Library's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Library's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the Library.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Continued

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the Library that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Library include public library.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Library only maintains governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Library's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Governmental Funds - Continued

The Library maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Special Reserve Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds, except the Debt Service Fund, Special Reserve Fund, and Working Cash Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 19 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 45 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's I.M.R.F. employee pension obligations, Library's retiree benefit plan, and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 46 - 50 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds is presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 51 - 63 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Library, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred liabilities by \$20,802,373.

	Net Position		
	2019	2018	
Current Assets	\$ 32,922,742	31,819,112	
Capital Assets	25,375,689	26,063,872	
Total Assets	58,298,431	57,882,984	
Deferred Outflows	2,891,079	1,704,539	
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	61,189,510	59,587,523	
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	31,840,449 2,963,635 34,804,084	31,560,173 2,681,751 34,241,924	
Deferred Inflows Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	5,583,053 40,387,137	7,294,719 41,536,643	
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,047,707)	(5,452,329)	
Restricted	20,440,182	16,771,467	
Unrestricted	4,409,898	6,731,742	
Total Net Position	20,802,373	18,050,880	

A portion of the Library's net position, (\$4,047,707) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Library uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Library's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Additionally, \$20,440,182 of the Library's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$4,409,898 represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

	Change in Net Position		
	2019 2018		
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 73,164	115,711	
Operating & Capital Grants	84,604	52,552	
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	11,182,830	10,797,239	
Replacement Taxes	130,381	137,025	
Investment Income	610,610	330,234	
Miscellaneous	226,026	189,236	
Total Revenues	12,307,615	11,621,997	
Expenses			
Culture and Recreation	8,313,631	8,230,602	
Interest & Debt Service	1,242,491	1,359,605	
Total Expenses	9,556,122	9,590,207	
Change in Net Position	2,751,493	2,031,790	
Net Position-Beginning	18,050,880	16,019,090	
Net Position-Ending	20,802,373 18,050,880		

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Net position of the Library's governmental activities increased from a balance of \$18,050,880 to \$20,802,373.

Revenues of \$12,307,615 exceeded expenses of \$9,556,122, resulting in the increase to net position in the current year of \$2,751,493.

Governmental Activities

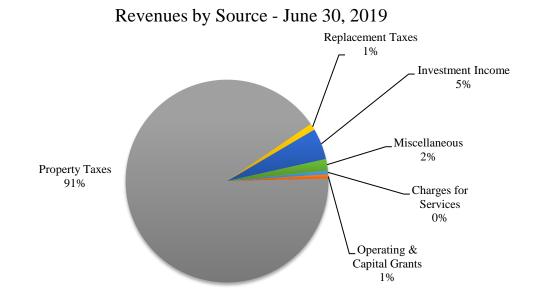
In the current year, governmental net position increased \$2,751,493, an increase of 15.2 percent. Property taxes increased \$385,591 over the prior year (\$10,797,239 in 2018 compared to \$11,182,830 in 2019) and personal property replacement taxes decreased \$6,644 from the prior year (\$137,025 in 2018 compared to \$130,381 in 2019).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

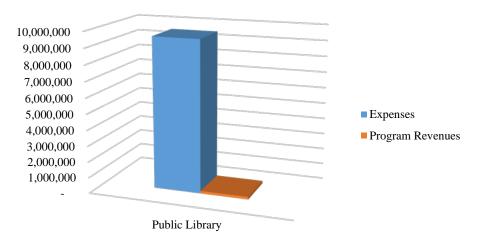
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities – Continued

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the Library. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes to fund governmental activities.



The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues. The public library functions charge user fees for services provided. The user fees charged do not cover the expenses, which furthermore signifies the Library's reliance on general revenues such as property taxes and personal property replacement taxes.





Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,141,058 which is 4.0 percent higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$26,100,398.

In the current year, governmental fund balances increased by \$1,040,660. The General Fund reported a decrease of \$2,603,741 due primarily to transfers out to the Debt Service, Special Reserve and Working Cash Funds of \$1,083,513, \$2,500,000 and \$423,046, respectively. The Debt Service Fund reported an increase of \$279,678, due primarily to a transfer in of \$1,083,513 from the General Fund and debt issuance refunding of \$10,545,000 with offsetting debt payments of \$14,528,267. The Special Reserve Fund reported an increase of \$2,887,082, due to a transfer in from the General Fund for future capital projects. The Capital Projects Fund reported a decrease of \$28,891, due to planned capital expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, no supplemental amendments were made to the budget for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were lower than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$7,987,366, compared to budgeted revenues of \$8,023,030. This resulted primarily from taxes being budgeted at \$7,694,925 for the year and \$7,585,178 being collected.

The General Fund actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$6,606,038, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$9,160,767. This resulted from all culture and recreation and capital outlay expenditures being below budgeted expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Library's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 was \$25,375,689 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements and vehicles, furniture and equipment.

The total decrease in the Library's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$688,183.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		
		2019	2018
Land	\$	470,665	470,665
Buildings and Improvements		24,351,081	25,001,012
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment		553,943	592,195
Total		25,375,689	26,063,872

This year's additions to capital assets included \$41,271 to furniture and equipment.

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in note 3 on page 29 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the Library had total outstanding debt of \$29,340,000. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	Long-Term Debt Outstanding			
	2019 2018			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,340,000	32,130,000		

Additional information on the Library's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 on pages 30 - 32 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Library's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscalyear 2020 budget, including the economy, tax rates, and anticipated costs for services. The Library is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other libraries are faced with.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Fountaindale Public Library District, Attention: Paul Mills, Library Director, 300 West Briarcliff Road, Bolingbrook, IL 60440.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 27,613,898
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	5,273,353
Prepaids	35,491
Total Current Assets	32,922,742
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	470,665
Depreciable Capital Assets	31,422,596
Accumulated Depreciation	(6,517,572)
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,375,689
Total Assets	58,298,431
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Loss on Refunding	656,899
Deferred Items - IMRF	2,212,580
Deferred Items - RBP	21,600
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,891,079
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	61,189,510

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 337,391
Accrued Payroll	220,974
Accrued Interest Payable	515,678
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	1,889,592
Total Current Liabilities	2,963,635
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	142,918
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	2,961,182
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	499,304
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	28,237,045
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	31,840,449
Total Liabilities	34,804,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	5,223,319
Deferred Items - IMRF	359,734
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,583,053
Total Deterred millows of Resources	5,505,055
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	40,387,137
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,047,707)
Restricted	(1,011,101)
Property Tax Levies	
Audit	9,046
Liability Insurance	63,114
Illinois Municipal Retirement	704,187
Social Security	192,691
Equipping and Maintenance	161,027
Working Cash	1,053,546
Debt Service	942,597
Special Reserve	17,303,361
Capital Projects	10,613
Unrestricted	4,409,898
Total Net Position	20,802,373
	20,002,373

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities Culture and Recreation Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$ 8,313,631 1,242,491	73,164	84,604	(8,155,863) (1,242,491)
Total Governmental Activities	 9,556,122	73,164	84,604	(9,398,354)

Taxes	
Property Taxes	11,182,830
Personal Property Replacement	130,381
Interest	610,610
Miscellaneous	226,026
	12,149,847
Change in Net Position	2,751,493
Net Position - Beginning	18,050,880
Net Position - Ending	20,802,373

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Capital Projects					
		Debt	Special	Capital		
	General	Service	Reserve	Project	Nonmajor	Total
ASSETS						
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,604,496	1,447,597	17,303,361	10,613	2,247,831	27,613,898
Receivables - Net of Allowances						
Property Taxes	3,570,784	1,114,514	-	-	588,055	5,273,353
Due from Other Funds	21,124	-	-	-	-	21,124
Prepaids	1,078	-	-	-	34,413	35,491
Total Assets	10,197,482	2,562,111	17,303,361	10,613	2,870,299	32,943,866
						<i></i>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	288,695	-	-	-	48,696	337,391
Accrued Payroll	220,974	-	-	-	-	220,974
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	-	21,124	21,124
Total Liabilities	509,669	-	-	-	69,820	579,489
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES						
Property Taxes	3,537,028	1,103,836	-	-	582,455	5,223,319
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources	4,046,697	1,103,836	-	-	652,275	5,802,808
FUND BALANCES						
	1.070					25 404
Nonspendable	1,078	-	-	-	34,413	35,491
Restricted	-	1,458,275	17,303,361	10,613	2,183,611	20,955,860
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	<u>6,149,707</u> <u>6,150,785</u>	- 1,458,275	- 17,303,361	- 10,613	- 2,218,024	<u>6,149,707</u> 27,141,058
Total Fund Balances	0,130,783	1,436,275	17,303,301	10,015	2,210,024	27,141,038
Total Liabilities, Deferred						
Inflows of Resources and						
Fund Balances	10,197,482	2,562,111	17,303,361	10,613	2,870,299	32,943,866

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances	\$ 27,141,058
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore,	05 275 (00
are not reported in the funds.	25,375,689
Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources related to IMRF not reported in the funds.	
Deferred Items - IMRF	1,852,846
Deferred Items - RBP	21,600
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences Payable	(178,647)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(2,961,182)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(499,304)
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	(30,090,908)
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	656,899
Accrued Interest Payable	 (515,678)
Net Position	 20,802,373

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Capital Projects				
		Debt	Special	Capital		
	General	Service	Reserve	Project	Nonmajor	Total
				•		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 7,585,178	2,475,158	-	-	1,252,875	11,313,211
Intergovernmental	84,604	-	-	-	-	84,604
Fines and Forfeitures	73,164	-	-	-	-	73,164
Interest	184,151	17,409	387,082	844	21,124	610,610
Miscellaneous	60,269	165,757	-	-	-	226,026
Total Revenues	7,987,366	2,658,324	387,082	844	1,273,999	12,307,615
Expenditures						
Current	6 402 076				1 1 60 200	
Culture and Recreation	6,403,976	-	-	-	1,169,389	7,573,365
Capital Outlay	202,062	-	-	29,369	-	231,431
Debt Service		12 225 000				10 005 000
Principal Retirement	-	13,335,000	-	-	-	13,335,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	1,193,267	-	-	-	1,193,267
Total Expenditures	6,606,038	14,528,267	-	29,369	1,169,389	22,333,063
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,381,328	(11,869,943)	387,082	(28,525)	104,610	(10,025,448)
Over (Onder) Expenditures	1,301,320	(11,00),)43)	307,002	(20,323)	104,010	(10,025,440)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt Issuance	-	10,545,000	-	-	-	10,545,000
Premium on Issuance	-	731,111	-	-	-	731,111
Loss on Refunding	-	(210,003)	-	-	-	(210,003)
Transfers In	21,490	1,083,513	2,500,000	-	423,046	4,028,049
Transfers Out	(4,006,559)	-	-	(366)	(21,124)	(4,028,049)
	(3,985,069)	12,149,621	2,500,000	(366)	401,922	11,066,108
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,603,741)	279,678	2,887,082	(28,891)	506,532	1,040,660
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,754,526	1,178,597	14,416,279	39,504	1,711,492	26,100,398
			. /			· · ·
Fund Balances - Ending	6,150,785	1,458,275	17,303,361	10,613	2,218,024	27,141,058

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,040,660
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	41,271 (729,454)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Change in Deferred Items - IMRF Change in Deferred Items - RBP	2,771,415 21,600
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Additions to Compensated Absences Payable Additions to Net Pension Liability - IMRF Additions to Total OPEB Liability - RBP Retirement of Debt Issuance of Debt Debt Issuance Premium Amortization to Unamortized Loss on Refunding	(2,183) (2,578,770) (32,714) 13,335,000 (10,545,000) (750,908) 160,348
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 20,228
Changes in Net Position	 2,751,493

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fountaindale Public Library District (Library) of Illinois primarily serves the District of Bolingbrook in Will and DuPage Counties, Illinois, with the library located in Bolingbrook.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Library accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Library are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Library complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Library. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds). The Library only reports governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities is (a) presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Library first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Library's functions. The functions are supported by general government revenues (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property and personal property replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide Statements - Continued

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Library as an entity and the change in the Library's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Library:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Library. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Library which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Library maintains five nonmajor special revenue funds.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund is treated as a major fund and is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Library maintains two major capital projects fund. The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for the costs of capital as the Board designates. Funding is generally from excess fund transfers from the General Fund. The Capital Project Fund is used to account for bond proceeds received and expenditures in relation to the District's building project.

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. The Library maintains one nonmajor permanent fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is utilized.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Library's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of more than \$5,000 are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Library as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	20 - 40 Years
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	7 Years

Compensated Absences

The Library accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

All departments of the Library submit requests for appropriations to the Library Director so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. The Library Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year no supplementary appropriations were made. The Library does not budget for the Debt Service, Special Reserve and Working Cash Funds.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2018 levy attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are collected in two installments in April and September. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 2% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Library's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Concentration Risk, and Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits and Investments. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Library's deposits totaled \$27,486,099 and the bank balances totaled \$27,514,909. Additionally, at year-end the Library has \$127,799 invested in the Illinois Funds.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Library's investment policy states that the Library invest in primarily short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio. However, investment purchases mirror daily cash flow needs. Consequently, there is no limit attached to the maturity dates of the investment purchases as a means of managing the Library's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Library's investment policy does not mitigate credit risk. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Library's investment in a single issuer. The Library's investment policy does not mitigate concentration risk. At year-end, the Library does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires that deposit with financial institutions in excess of FDIC be collateralized with collateral held by an independent third party in the name of the Library. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year-end, the Library's investments in the Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out Amou		nount
General	Capital Project	\$	366 (1)
General	Nonmajor Governmental		21,124 (1)
Debt Service	General	1,0	083,513 (2)
Special Reserve	General	2,5	500,000 (2)
Nonmajor Governmental	General	4	423,046 (2)
		4,0	028,049

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund Balances

Interfund balance relates to interest income payable to the General Fund from the Working Cash Fund. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable	Payable	Amount
General	Nonmajor	\$ 21,124

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 470,665	-	-	470,665
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Improvements	29,127,554	-	-	29,127,554
Vehicles	124,253	-	-	124,253
Furniture and Equipment	2,129,518	41,271	-	2,170,789
	31,381,325	41,271	-	31,422,596
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	4,126,542	649,931	-	4,776,473
Vehicles	6,213	-	-	6,213
Furniture and Equipment	1,655,363	79,523	-	1,734,886
	5,788,118	729,454	-	6,517,572
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	25,593,207	(688,183)	-	24,905,024
Total Net Capital Assets	26,063,872	(688,183)	-	25,375,689

Depreciation expense of \$729,454 was charged to the culture and recreation function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The Library issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Library. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2008 (\$10,000,000) due in annual installments of \$800,000 to \$2,960,000 plus interest at 4.20% to 5.00% through February 1, 2020.	\$ 800,000	-	-	800,000
General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2009 (\$20,750,000) due in annual installments of \$375,000 to \$2,000,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 4.50% through February 1, 2027.	13,250,000	-	11,775,000 * 1,475,000	_
General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2009B (\$8,750,000) due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$3,900,000 plus interest at 1.20% to 6.00% through December 1, 2029.	8,525,000	-	_	8,525,000
General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2016A (\$9,775,000) due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$2,900,000 plus interest at 2.00% through February 1, 2028.	9,555,000	-	85,000	9,470,000
General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2018 (\$10,545,000) due in annual installments of \$870,000 to \$1,625,000 plus interest at 4.00% to 5.00% through February 1, 2027.		10,545,000	_	10,545,000
	32,130,000	10,545,000	13,335,000	29,340,000

* Refunded

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund and the compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the total OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability - IMRF Total OPEB Liability - RBP General Obligation Bonds Plus: Premium on Issuance	\$ 176,464 382,412 466,590 32,130,000	4,366 2,578,770 32,714 10,545,000 750,908	2,183 - - 13,335,000 -	178,647 2,961,182 499,304 29,340,000 750,908	35,729 - 1,760,000 93,863
	33,155,466	13,911,758	13,337,183	33,730,041	1,889,592

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	General			
Fiscal	 Obligation Bonds			
Year	Principal Interest			
2020	\$ 1,760,000	1,204,026		
2021	1,940,000	1,133,824		
2022	2,115,000	1,063,526		
2023	2,190,000	984,024		
2024	2,350,000	913,526		
2025	2,430,000	824,224		
2026	2,620,000	745,326		
2027	2,810,000	640,374		
2028	3,500,000	546,576		
2029	3,725,000	453,776		
2030	 3,900,000	195,000		
Total	 29,340,000	8,704,202		

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2018	\$ 2,109,887,599
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value	60,659,268
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	29,340,000
Legal Debt Margin	31,319,268

Defeased Debt

On December 11, 2018 the Library issued \$10,545,00 par value General Obligation Library Refunding Bond, Series of 2018 to refund \$11,775,000 of the General Obligation Library Building Bonds Series of 2009. The Library defeased bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payment of the old bonds. Since the requirements that normally satisfy defeasance have been met, the financial statements reflect satisfaction of the original liability through the irrevocable transfer to an escrow agent of an amount computed to be adequate to meet the future debt service requirements of the issue. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the government's basic financial statements. Through this refunding, the Library reduced its total debt service by \$1,507,625 and obtained an economic gain of \$607,270.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 25,375,689
Plus:	
Unspent Bond Proceeds	10,613
Loss on Refunding	656,899
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Bonds	(30,090,908)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,047,707)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCES

Fund Balance Classifications

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Library considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Library first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available. The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

		Capital Projects				
		Debt	Special	Capital		
	General	Service	Reserve	Project	Nonmajor	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaids	\$ 1,078	-	-	-	34,413	35,491
Restricted						
Audit	-	-	-	-	9,046	9,046
Liability Insurance	-	-	-	-	63,114	63,114
IMRF	-	-	-	-	704,187	704,187
Social Security	-	-	-	-	192,691	192,691
Equipping and Maintenance	-	-	-	-	161,027	161,027
Working Cash	-	-	-	-	1,053,546	1,053,546
Debt Service	-	1,458,275	-	-	-	1,458,275
Special Reserve	-	-	17,303,361	-	-	17,303,361
Capital Projects		-	-	10,613	-	10,613
	-	1,458,275	17,303,361	10,613	2,183,611	20,955,860
Unassigned	6,149,707	-	-	-	-	6,149,707
Total Fund Balances	6,150,785	1,458,275	17,303,361	10,613	2,218,024	27,141,058

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. It is the goal of the Library to maintain no less than three (3) and no more than ten (10) months of operating expenditures in the General Fund. General Fund balances over the maximum at the end of the fiscal year may be transferred to the Special Reserve Fund through Board resolution.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES - Continued

Fund Balance Classifications – Continued

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Directors' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Directors itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Directors, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Library is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Library's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Library.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES – Continued

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the Library's employees. These risks are provided for through the District's participation in the Library Insurance Management and Risk Control Cooperative (LIMRiCC). LIMRICC is a governmental joint venture whose members are Illinois libraries. LIMRiCC manages and funds first party property losses, third party liability claims, boiler and machinery claims, workers' compensation claims, and public official liability claims of its members. The District's participation is limited to unemployment compensation claims only. The District's payments to LIMRiCC are displayed in the financial statements as expenditures in the appropriate fund. The amount of coverage has not decreased nor have the amount of settlements exceeded coverage in the current fiscal prior or any of the past three years.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Library contributes to one defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2018, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	96
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	86
Active Plan Members	89
Total	271

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Contributions. As set by statute, the Library's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2019, the Library's contribution was 13.72% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2018, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.39% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality tables was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees to match current IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Description – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.75%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	7.15%
International Equities	18.00%	7.25%
Real Estate	9.00%	6.25%
Blended	7.00%	3.20% - 8.50%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	2.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the prior year discount rate was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Library's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,662,382	2,961,182	732,684

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 21,013,552	20,631,140	382,412
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	317,686	-	317,686
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,541,975	-	1,541,975
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	106,404	-	106,404
Changes of Assumptions	597,041	-	597,041
Contributions - Employer	-	649,343	(649,343)
Contributions - Employees	-	153,873	(153,873)
Net Investment Income	-	(1,253,014)	1,253,014
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,225,470)	(1,225,470)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		434,134	(434,134)
Net Changes	1,337,636	(1,241,134)	2,578,770
Balances at December 31, 2018	22,351,188	19,390,006	2,961,182

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Library recognized pension expense of \$291,311. At June 30, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	С	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Total
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	273,394	(1,348)	272,046
Changes in Assumptions		444,798	(358,386)	86,412
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,340,756	-	1,340,756
Total Expenses to be Recognized in Future Periods		2,058,948	(359,734)	1,699,214
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date		153,632	-	153,632
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		2,212,580	(359,734)	1,852,846

\$153,632 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2020.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal	Net Deferred Outflows
Year	of Resources
2020	\$ 523,570
2021	287,121
2022	328,364
2023	560,159
2024	-
Thereafter	
Total	1,699,214

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Library's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general employees of the Library. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Library. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Library Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. FPLDRBP provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for the individual to pay the entire cost of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees.

Plan Membership. As of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	56
Total	57

Total OPEB Liability

The Library's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial assumptions and Other Inputs – Continued

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Discount Rate	3.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	The initial trend rate is based on the 2018 Segal
	Health Plan Cost Trend Survey. The grading period
	and ultimate trend rates selected fall within a
	generally accepted range.
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate.

Mortality rates follow the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the RP-2014 Study, with blue collar adjustments. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2016 improvement rates.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

		Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	466,590
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		10,674
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		17,699
Changes of Benefit Terms		-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		22,835
Benefit Payments		(18,494)
Net Changes	_	32,714
Balance at June 30, 2019		499,304

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.50%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current					
	1%	b Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(2.50%)		(3.50%)	(4.50%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	570,096	499,304	441,019		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		b Decrease (Varies)	Rates (Varies)	1% Increase (Varies)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	427,273	499,304	587,072	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$29,608. At June 30, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – Continued

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	-	-	
Change in Assumptions		21,600	-	21,600	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-			
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		21,600	-	21,600	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Ne	Net Deferred		
Fiscal	(Outflows		
Year	of	Resources		
2020	\$	1,235		
2021		1,235		
2022		1,235		
2023		1,235		
2024		1,235		
Thereafter		15,425		
Total		21,600		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Ι	Actuarially Determined Contribution	ed Determined			ontribution Excess/ Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	579,121 566,665 651,894 628,724 483,956	\$	607,664 566,665 651,894 628,724 483,956	\$	28,543 - - - -	\$ 2,939,699 3,105,011 3,275,851 3,371,386 3,527,961	20.67% 18.25% 19.90% 18.65% 13.72%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	25 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market, 20% Corridor
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.75% - 14.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	MP-2014 (base year 2012)

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability June 30, 2019

	I	December 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest Changes in Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions	\$	373,359 1,314,442 - (84,139) 794,569
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		(1,038,209)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning		1,360,022 17,858,317
Total Pension Liability - Ending		19,218,339
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Other (Net Transfer)	\$	607,664 138,807 982,236 (1,038,209) (71,084)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning		619,414 16,248,097
Plan Net Position - Ending		16,867,511
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	2,350,828
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		87.77%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,084,592
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		76.21%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2018
2010	2010	2011	2010
333,485	354,744	346,250	317,686
1,412,967	1,461,086	1,517,494	1,541,975
- (58,124)	51,762	- 356,937	- 106,404
23,211	(47,712)	(684,914)	597,041
(1,040,734)	(1,066,555)	(1,164,684)	(1,225,470)
670,805	753,325	371,083	1,337,636
19,218,339	19,889,144	20,642,469	21,013,552
19,889,144	20,642,469	21,013,552	22,351,188
		· · ·	· ·
566,665	651,894	619,224	649,343
139,726	148,367	221,031	153,873
83,502	1,165,447	3,290,011	(1,253,014)
(1,040,734)	(1,066,555)	(1,164,684)	(1,225,470)
349,658	179,552	(379,475)	434,134
98,817	1,078,705	2,586,107	(1,241,134)
16,867,511	16,966,328	18,045,033	20,631,140
10,007,511	10,900,520	10,045,055	20,031,140
16,966,328	18,045,033	20,631,140	19,390,006
2,922,816	2,597,436	382,412	2,961,182
2,922,010	2,397,430	502,412	2,901,182
85.30%	87.42%	98.18%	86.75%
3,105,011	3,275,851	3,381,888	3,419,392
94.13%	79.29%	11.31%	86.60%

Retiree Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2019

	 2018	2019
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 10,276	10,674
Interest	17,298	17,699
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	-
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	-	22,835
Benefit Payments	 (15,889)	(18,494)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 11,685	32,714
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 454,905	466,590
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 466,590	499,304
Covered Payroll	\$ -	-
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There was no change in the retirees' share of health insurance premiums.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	PPO	H.S.A	HMO
2020	7.10%	7.18%	6.48%
2021	6.80%	6.87%	6.27%
2022	6.50%	6.56%	6.06%
2023	6.20%	6.24%	5.84%
2024	5.90%	5.93%	5.63%
2025	5.60%	5.62%	5.42%
2026	5.30%	5.31%	5.21%
2027	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
2028	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Ultimate	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

In 2019, there was no change in the healthcare trend rates from the prior year.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	
	Original	
	and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 7,694,925	7,585,178
Intergovernmental	84,604	84,604
Fines and Forfeitures	25,000	73,164
Interest	173,131	184,151
Miscellaneous	45,370	60,269
Total Revenues	8,023,030	7,987,366
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation Personnel Services	5 592 890	4 010 020
Contractual Services	5,582,880	4,210,838
	705,048	531,919
Supplies and Utilities	709,800	495,551
Library Materials	1,408,320	1,025,925
Per Capita Grant	102,125	84,854
Miscellaneous	75,600	54,889
Capital Outlay	576,994	202,062
Total Expenditures	9,160,767	6,606,038
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,137,737)	1,381,328
Over (Onder) Expenditures	(1,137,737)	1,301,320
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In	_	21,490
Transfers Out	_	(4,006,559)
		(3,985,069)
		(0,000,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,137,737)	(2,603,741)
č		
Fund Balance - Beginning		8,754,526
Fund Balance - Ending		6,150,785

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Fund account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital project funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for the annual audit of the Library.

Liability Insurance Fund

The Liability Insurance Fund is used to account for costs related to all insurance programs, with the exception of employee-related insurance programs.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is used to account for the Library's participation in the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy which produces a sufficient amount to pay the Library's contributions to the fund on behalf of its employees.

Social Security Fund

The Social Security Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for payment of the employer's portion of Federal Social Security and Medicare taxes.

Equipping and Maintenance Fund

The Equipping and Maintenance Fund is used to account for Library building maintenance and operational related costs.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

Special Reserve Fund

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for the costs of capital as the Board designates. Funding is generally from excess fund transfers from the General Fund.

Capital Project Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for bond proceeds received and expenditures in relation to the District's building project.

PERMANENT FUND

Permanent Funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Working Cash Fund

The Working Cash Fund is used to account for the financial resources held by the Library to be used for loans for working capital requirement.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$ 7,360,925	7,193,216
TIF Taxes	225,000	261,581
Replacement Taxes	109,000	130,381
	7,694,925	7,585,178
Intergovernmental		
State Grants	84,604	84,604
Fines and Forfeitures	25,000	73,164
Interest	173,131	184,151
Miscellaneous Donations Reimbursements Other	10,000 - 35,370 - 45,370	10,617 5,900 43,752 60,269
Total Revenues	8,023,030	7,987,366

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation		
Personnel Services		
Salaries	\$ 4,976,400	3,783,168
Employee Hospitalization and Medical Insurance	469,680	343,138
Hiring and Placement Expenditures	960	100
Dues	13,440	10,915
Professional Development and Training	45,600	30,054
Mileage and Travel	69,600	40,202
Employee Recognition	4,800	1,525
EAP	2,400	1,736
	5,582,880	4,210,838
Contractual Services		
Equipment Rental and Maintenance	247,200	226,930
Legal Fees and Expenditures	40,200	54,547
Bookmobile Maintenance	25,200	20,525
Circulation Control	120,000	64,867
Payroll Services	21,600	17,162
Professional Services	162,000	112,042
Printing	51,600	-
Catalog Management	28,800	28,110
Bank Service Fees	6,048	5,532
Security	2,400	2,204
	705,048	531,919
Supplies and Utilities		
Telephone	17,400	20,169
Electricity	228,000	-
Cable TV	1,800	163,085 1,282
Internet Services	49,200	39,870
Gas	60,000	20,823
Water and Sewerage	36,000	20,823
Buildings and Grounds	78,000	68,128
Office Supplies	36,000	19,631
Onice Supplies	50,000	19,031

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Culture and Recreation - Continued		
Supplies and Utilities - Continued		
Library Supplies	\$ 61,200	39,237
Postage and Shipping	32,400	17,032
Computer Supplies	9,600	27,042
Program Supplies	58,800	39,243
Board Supplies	2,400	1,339
Fuel Expenditures - Bookmobile	9,000	2,965
Minor Furniture and Equipment	30,000	14,073
	709,800	495,551
Library Materials	1,408,320	1,025,925
State Grants		
Office and Library Equipment	102,125	84,854
Miscellaneous		
Public Relations	51,600	41,830
Miscellaneous	24,000	13,059
	75,600	54,889
Total Culture and Recreation	8,583,773	6,403,976
Capital Outlay	576,994	202,062
Total Expenditures	9,160,767	6,606,038

Capital Project - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues Interest	\$-	844
Expenditures Capital Outlay	39,505	29,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(39,505)	(28,525)
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out		(366)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(39,505)	(28,891)
Fund Balance - Beginning		39,504
Fund Balance - Ending		10,613

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Audit	Liability Insurance
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,994	62,827
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes	5,060	29,350
Prepaids	-	34,413
Total Assets	14,054	126,590
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	-
Due to Other Funds	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	5,008	29,063
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,008	29,063
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	-	34,413
Restricted	9,046	63,114
Total Fund Balances	9,046	97,527
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	14,054	126,590

Special Rever	nue		Permanent	
Illinois		Equipping	Fund	
Municipal	Social	and	Working	
Retirement	Security	Maintenance	Cash	Total
725,583	191,600	184,157	1,074,670	2,247,831
283,401	122,461	147,783	-	588,055
-	-	-	-	34,413
1,008,984	314,061	331,940	1,074,670	2,870,299
24,164 24,164	- - -	24,532	21,124 21,124	48,696 21,124 69,820
280,633 304,797	121,370 121,370	146,381 170,913	- 21,124	582,455 652,275
- 704,187 704,187	- 192,691 192,691		1,053,546 1,053,546	34,413 2,183,611 2,218,024
1,008,984	314,061	331,940	1,074,670	2,870,299

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Audit	Liability Insurance
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 12,128	76,453
Interest	-	-
Total Revenues	12,128	76,453
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation	8,650	82,539
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,478	(6,086)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In	-	-
Transfers Out		-
	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,478	(6,086)
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,568	103,613
Fund Balances - Ending	9,046	97,527

Illinois			Permanent	
mmons		Equipping	Fund	
Municipal	Social	and	Working	
Retirement	Security	Maintenance	Cash	Total
599,718	265,352	299,224	-	1,252,875
-	-	-	21,124	21,124
599,718	265,352	299,224	21,124	1,273,999
483,956	277,616	316,628	-	1,169,389
115,762	(12,264)	(17,404)	21,124	104,610
-	-	-	423,046	423,046
-	-	-	(21,124)	(21,124)
	-	-	401,922	401,922
115,762	(12,264)	(17,404)	423,046	506,532
588,425	204,955	178,431	630,500	1,711,492
704,187	192,691	161,027	1,053,546	2,218,024

Audit - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 14,663	12,128
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services Audit	12,000	8,650
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,663	3,478
Fund Balance - Beginning		5,568
Fund Balance - Ending		9,046

Liability Insurance - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 98,454	76,453
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services Insurance	159,000	82,539
Net Change in Fund Balance	(60,546)	(6,086)
Fund Balance - Beginning		103,613
Fund Balance - Ending		97,527

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$	647,324	599,718
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Personnel Services District Share - IMRF		741,060	483,956
		711,000	105,550
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(93,736)	115,762
Fund Balance - Beginning			588,425
Fund Balance - Ending			704,187

Social Security - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues Property Taxes	\$	293,308	265,352
	φ	293,300	203,352
Expenditures Culture and Recreation			
Culture and Recreation Contractual Services		377,941	277,616
Net Change in Fund Balance		(84,633)	(12,264)
Fund Balance - Beginning			204,955
Fund Balance - Ending			192,691

Equipping and Maintenance - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget Original and Final	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$ 307,972	299,224
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Building Maintenance and Supplies	378,000	316,628
Net Change in Fund Balance	(70,028)	(17,404)
Fund Balance - Beginning		178,431
Fund Balance - Ending		161,027

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2008 June 30, 2019

Date of Issue	October 7, 2008
Date of Maturity	February 1, 2020
Authorized Issue	\$10,000,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	4.20% - 5.00%
Interest Dates	August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date	February 1
Payable at	Bond Trust Services Corporation

Fiscal		Requirements			Interest Due on			
Year	Ī	Principal	Interest	Totals	Aug. 1	Amount	Feb. 1	Amount
2020	\$	800,000	33,600	833,600	2019	16,800	2020	16,800

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2009B June 30, 2019

Date of Issue	December 15, 2009
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2029
Authorized Issue	\$8,750,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	1.20% - 6.00%
Interest Dates	August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date	February 1
Payable at	Bond Trust Services Corporation

Fiscal		Requirements				Interest Due on				
Year	P	rincipal	Interest	Totals	Aug. 1	Amount	Feb. 1	Amount		
2020	\$	-	505,976	505,976	2019	252,988	2020	252,988		
2021		-	505,974	505,974	2020	252,987	2021	252,987		
2022		-	505,976	505,976	2021	252,988	2022	252,988		
2023		-	505,974	505,974	2022	252,987	2023	252,987		
2024		-	505,976	505,976	2023	252,988	2024	252,988		
2025		-	505,974	505,974	2024	252,987	2025	252,987		
2026		100,000	505,976	605,976	2025	252,988	2026	252,988		
2027		200,000	500,174	700,174	2026	250,087	2027	250,087		
2028		600,000	488,576	1,088,576	2027	244,288	2028	244,288		
2029		3,725,000	453,776	4,178,776	2028	226,888	2029	226,888		
2030		3,900,000	195,000	4,095,000	2029	117,000	2030	78,000		
		8,525,000	5,179,352	13,704,352		2,609,176		2,570,176		

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2016A June 30, 2019

Date of Issue	September 14, 2016
Date of Maturity	February 1, 2028
Authorized Issue	\$9,775,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rate	2.00%
Interest Dates	August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date	February 1
Payable at	Bond Trust Services Corporation

Fiscal	Requirements			Interest Due on				
Year]	Principal	Interest	Totals	Aug. 1	Amount	Feb. 1	Amount
2020	\$	90,000	189,400	279,400	2019	94,700	2020	94,700
2021		890,000	187,600	1,077,600	2020	93,800	2021	93,800
2022		875,000	169,800	1,044,800	2021	84,900	2022	84,900
2023		855,000	152,300	1,007,300	2022	76,150	2023	76,150
2024		940,000	135,200	1,075,200	2023	67,600	2024	67,600
2025		915,000	116,400	1,031,400	2024	58,200	2025	58,200
2026		895,000	98,100	993,100	2025	49,050	2026	49,050
2027		1,110,000	80,200	1,190,200	2026	40,100	2027	40,100
2028		2,900,000	58,000	2,958,000	2029	29,000	2030	29,000
		9,470,000	1,187,000	10,657,000		593,500		593,500

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2018 June 30, 2019

Date of Issue	December 11, 2018
Date of Maturity	February 1, 2027
Authorized Issue	\$10,545,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	4.00% to 5.00%
Interest Dates	August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date	February 1
Payable at	Zions Bancorporation, National Association

Fiscal	Requirements			Interest Due on				
Year		Principal	Interest	Totals	Aug. 1	Amount	Feb. 1	Amount
2020	\$	870,000	475,050	1,345,050	2019	237,525	2020	237,525
2021		1,050,000	440,250	1,490,250	2020	220,125	2021	220,125
2022		1,240,000	387,750	1,627,750	2021	193,875	2022	193,875
2023		1,335,000	325,750	1,660,750	2022	162,875	2023	162,875
2024		1,410,000	272,350	1,682,350	2023	136,175	2024	136,175
2025		1,515,000	201,850	1,716,850	2024	100,925	2025	100,925
2026		1,625,000	141,250	1,766,250	2025	70,625	2026	70,625
2027		1,500,000	60,000	1,560,000	2026	30,000	2027	30,000
	-							
		10,545,000	2,304,250	12,849,250		1,152,125		1,152,125

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 9,628,145	9,132,242	9,094,964	8,402,748
Intergovernmental	63,051	60,550	132,841	2,500
Fines and Forfeitures	61,488	66,046	91,906	108,654
Interest	660,996	325,141	355,025	8,609
Miscellaneous	 172,856	2,687,274	20,937	752,745
Total Revenues	 10,586,536	12,271,253	9,695,673	9,275,256

General Governmental Revenues by Sources - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2019

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
9,837,037	10,328,356	10,474,235	10,707,090	10,934,264	11,313,211
154,158	149,904	52,173	1,200	52,552	84,604
127,876	127,122	129,330	115,793	115,711	73,164
39,039	59,038	105,127	115,903	330,234	776,367
208,470	181,932	180,525	195,148	189,236	60,269
10,366,580	10,846,352	10,941,390	11,135,134	11,621,997	12,307,615

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenditures				
Personnel Services	\$ 3,887,167	3,876,924	4,122,022	4,559,078
Contractual Services	548,919	422,076	1,415,511	834,754
Supplies and Utilities	355,752	379,697	380,454	418,785
Insurance	77,469	84,152	89,004	104,866
Library Materials	774,077	856,021	897,635	897,705
State Grant and Miscellaneous	60,856	86,029	52,644	129,580
Capital Outlay	16,544,118	13,948,132	1,564,724	2,560,124
Debt Service	2,047,377	2,232,438	2,283,652	2,672,965
	24,295,735	21,885,469	10,805,646	12,177,857

General Governmental Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2019

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
4,697,621	4,482,024	4,485,351	4,588,565	4,599,356	4,972,410
671,066	684,091	620,573	681,785	729,203	623,108
478,182	438,940	471,976	747,349	812,510	812,179
93,745	92,013	91,802	80,517	84,277	-
913,352	861,089	842,310	837,319	768,541	1,025,925
211,174	210,303	364,095	113,500	178,413	139,743
841,847	361,202	211,347	429,963	510,894	231,431
2,132,465	2,565,465	2,644,653	2,842,195	2,711,908	14,528,267
10,039,452	9,695,127	9,732,107	10,321,193	10,395,102	22,333,063

Working Cash Fund Interest Transfer to General Fund June 30, 2019

	2019
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer In - General Transfer Out - Working Cash	\$ 21,124 (21,124)
Net Transfers	 -

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2019

Tax Levy Year	Tax Levied	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Outstanding/ Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Outstanding/ Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2009	\$ 9,062,571	\$ 9,021,661	99.55%	\$ 40,910	0.45%
2010	8,978,164	8,949,477	99.68%	28,687	0.32%
2011	9,011,980	8,939,549	99.20%	72,431	0.80%
2012	9,452,203	9,048,916	95.73%	403,287	4.27%
2013	10,046,477	9,927,267	98.81%	119,210	1.19%
2014	10,246,945	10,143,812	98.99%	103,133	1.01%
2015	10,473,202	10,461,746	99.89%	11,456	0.11%
2016	10,555,679	10,540,392	99.86%	15,287	0.14%
2017	10,985,591	10,968,472	99.84%	17,119	0.16%
2018*	10,993,404	5,659,433	51.48%	5,333,971	48.52%

* Levy year 2018 represents only the first installment

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Equalized Assessed	Valuations -	- Last	Ten	Tax	Levy	Years
June 30, 2019						

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Tax Levy Year	Will County	DuPage County	Totals
2009	\$ 2,202,769,360	37,289,710	2,240,059,070
2010	2,168,632,645	35,315,590	2,203,948,235
2011	2,021,469,152	42,681,230	2,064,150,382
2012	1,827,559,899	40,060,670	1,867,620,569
2013	1,741,304,157	38,408,250	1,779,712,407
2014	1,726,910,484	38,294,570	1,765,205,054
2015	1,758,120,745	36,565,630	1,794,686,375
2016	1,848,603,770	37,928,540	1,886,532,310
2017	1,957,656,862	39,260,229	1,996,917,091
2018	2,069,408,819	40,478,780	2,109,887,599

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2019

				General	Government
Fiscal	Debt	Service Expenditur	AS		Percent of Debt to General Government
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Expenditures	Expenditures
2010	\$ -	580,394	580,394	23,324,905	2.5%
2011	475,000	1,757,438	2,232,438	21,885,469	10.2%
2012	600,000	1,683,563	2,283,563	10,803,489	21.1%
2013	675,000	1,671,965	2,346,965	12,174,659	19.3%
2014	800,000	1,658,465	2,458,465	10,039,452	24.5%
2015	925,000	1,640,465	2,565,465	9,695,127	26.5%
2016	1,025,000	1,619,654	2,644,654	9,732,107	27.2%
2017	1,310,000	1,532,195	2,842,195	10,321,193	27.5%
2018	1,385,000	1,326,875	2,711,875	10,395,102	26.1%
2019	13,335,000	1,193,267	14,528,267	22,333,063	65.1%

Miscellaneous Statistics June 30, 2019

District Established	1970
Form of Government	District Library
Population Served	67,683
Inventory Book Non-Book ebooks, eAudio and eVideo Total	200,463 74,079 97,844 372,386
Employees Full-Time Part-Time	56 56