ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

300 W Briarcliff Road Bolingbrook, Illinois 60440 Phone: 630.759.2102 www.fountaindale.org

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the District including:

• List of Principal Officials

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2024

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Celeste M. Bermejo, President

Marcelo Valencia, Vice President Robert Armstrong, Secretary

Kathryn J. Spindel, Treasurer Meraj Alam, Trustee

Sarah M. Siska, Trustee Jim Daunis, Jr., Trustee

ADMINISTRATION

Paul Mills, Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the District's independent auditing firm.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

November 5, 2024

The Honorable President and Board of Trustees Fountaindale Public Library District Bolingbrook, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fountaindale Public Library District (the District), Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements - Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and supplementary pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fountaindale Public Library District, Illinois November 5, 2024

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

> Lauterbach & Amen. LLP LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Fountaindale Public Library District (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased by \$4,002,859 or 11.6 percent, from \$34,535,699 to \$38,538,558.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$15,122,878, while government-wide expenses totaled \$11,120,019, resulting in an increase to net position of \$4,002,859.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds total \$33,029,626 at June 30, 2024 compared to \$31,565,939 prior year balances, an increase of \$1,463,687 or 4.6 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances.

For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the District's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/ deferred outflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include culture and recreation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District only maintains governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service, and Special Reserve Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budgetary information for the General Fund, the District's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund employee pension liability, and the District's Retiree Benefits Plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the District, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$38,538,558.

		Net Position		
	6/	30/2024	6/30/2023	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 40	0,129,095	37,899,232	
Capital Assets	2	4,694,565	25,348,361	
Total Assets	64	4,823,660	63,247,593	
Deferred Outflows		2,132,191	2,718,616	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	60	6,955,851	65,966,209	
Long-Term Debt	1′	7,790,734	21,381,639	
Other Liabilities	4	4,531,094	4,392,580	
Total Liabilities	22	2,321,828	25,774,219	
Deferred Inflows	(6,095,465	5,656,291	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	28	8,417,293	31,430,510	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	:	5,544,761	3,532,419	
Restricted		3,230,806	3,212,893	
Unrestricted	29	9,762,991	27,790,387	
Total Net Position	38	8,538,558	34,535,699	

A portion of the District's net position, \$5,544,761 or 14.4 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, building and improvements, furniture and equipment, library materials, and leased asset - equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding.

The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$3,230,806 or 8.4 percent, of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$29,762,991, or 77.2 percent represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

	Changes in Net Position		
	6/30/2024 6/30/20		6/30/2023
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	37,431	41,972
Operating Grants/Contributions		218,897	98,897
General Revenues			
Property Taxes		13,089,905	12,580,595
Replacement Taxes		293,769	446,001
Investment Income		1,450,739	296,727
Miscellaneous		32,137	42,435
Total Revenues		15,122,878	13,506,627
Expenses			
Culture and Recreation		10,572,320	10,004,824
Interest on Long-Term Debt		547,699	627,819
Total Expenses		11,120,019	10,632,643
Change in Net Position		4,002,859	2,873,984
Net Position - Beginning		34,535,699	31,661,715
Net Position - Ending		38,538,558	34,535,699

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$34,535,699 to \$38,538,558.

Revenues of \$15,122,878 exceeded expenses of \$11,120,019, resulting in an increase to net position in the current year of \$4,002,859.

Governmental Activities

In the current year, governmental net position increased \$4,002,859, or 11.6 percent, with both revenues increasing and expenses increasing from the previous year. Property taxes increased \$509,310 over the prior year (\$13,089,905 in 2024 compared to \$12,580,595 in 2023) and investment income increased \$1,154,012 over the prior year (\$1,450,739 in 2024 compared to \$296,727 in 2023). Expenses increased from the prior year by \$487,376 (\$11,120,019 in 2024 compared to \$10,632,643 in 2023).

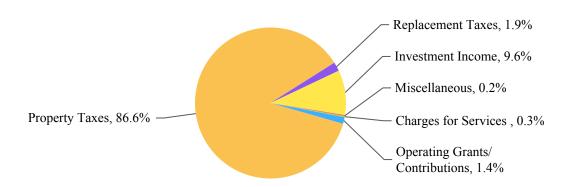
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The following table graphically presents the major revenue sources of the District in 2024. It depicts very clearly the reliance on property taxes to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the percentage the District receives from charges relating to services.

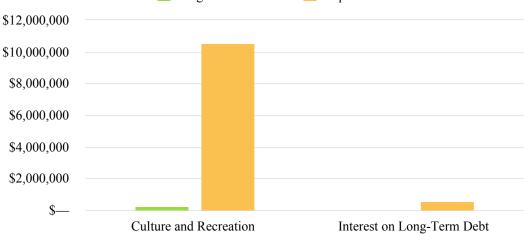
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table summarizes the revenue and expenses of the governmental activities and identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Program Revenues Expenses



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,029,626, which is 4.6 percent higher than last year's ending fund balance of \$31,565,939.

The General Fund reported an increase of \$480,284, due primarily to increased property tax and grant revenues.

The Debt Service Fund reported a decrease of \$153,482, due primarily to a lower tax revenue and increases in debt service payments.

The Special Reserve Fund reported an increase of \$1,028,356, due to investment income.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, there were no supplemental amendments made to the budget for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were lower than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues totaled \$9,804,134, while budgeted revenues totaled \$13,086,522. This was due primarily to property taxes being budgeted at \$12,527,625 for the year and only \$8,952,910 being received.

The General Fund actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$9,807,222, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$16,733,377. This was due primarily to all operating areas lower than budgeted by \$2,720,575. Capital outlay expenditures were under budget by \$6,889,418 due to timing of projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$24,694,565 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, building and improvements, vehicles, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and subscription assets.

This year's additions to capital assets included \$53,190 to construction in progress, \$18,652 to building and improvements, \$217,844 to furniture, fixtures and equipment, and \$615,206 to subscription assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		
	6/30/2024		6/30/2023
Land	\$	470,665	470,665
Construction in Progress		53,190	_
Building and Improvements		21,185,269	21,818,599
Vehicles		329,105	385,249
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment		1,412,885	1,448,044
Subscription Assets		1,243,451	1,225,804
Total		24,694,565	25,348,361

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the District had total outstanding debt of \$18,456,298 as compared to a restated \$20,989,596 the previous year, a decrease of 12.1 percent. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	Long-Term Deb	Long-Term Debt Outstanding		
	6/30/2024	6/30/2023		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 17,325,000	19,880,000		
Subscriptions Payable	1,131,298	1,109,596		
	18,456,298	20,989,596		

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District is faced with a similar economic environment as many of the other library districts are faced with. The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2025 budget, including anticipated costs for services, economy, and tax rates. The equalized assessed valuation (EAV) for the District for 2023 is \$2,614,987,295. That represents an increase in EAV of \$175,134,734 over the prior year's EAV.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Board of Trustees, Fountaindale Public Library District, 300 W Briarcliff Road, Bolingbrook, Illinois 60440.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 33,770,249
Receivables - Net of Allowances	6,278,379
Due from Other Funds	29,733
Prepaids	50,734
Total Current Assets	40,129,095
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable/Amortizable	523,855
Depreciable/Amortizable	35,624,220
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(11,453,510)
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,694,565
Other Asset	
Net Pension Asset - IMRF	
Total Assets	64,823,660
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Loss on Refunding	277,374
Deferred Items - IMRF	1,854,817
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,132,191
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	66,955,851

	Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 882,478
Accrued Payroll	116,157
Accrued Interest Payable	247,021
Due to Other Funds	29,733
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Total Current Liabilities	3,255,705
Total Current Liabilities	4,531,094
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences Payable	132,495
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	790,135
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	663,507
General Obligation Bonds - Net	15,432,135
Subscription Payable	772,462
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,790,734
Total Liabilities	22,321,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	6,071,101
Deferred Items - IMRF	24,364
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,095,465
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,417,293
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,544,761
Restricted	3,511,701
Special Levies	
Debt Service	1,632,285
Social Security	104,991
Illinois Municipal Retirement	294,967
Audit	10,000
Equipping and Maintenance	10,000
Working Cash	1,178,563
Unrestricted	29,762,991
Total Net Position	38,538,558

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Net (Expenses)/		
		Charges	Program Reventing	Capital	Revenues and
		for	Grants/	Grants/	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Net Position
Governmental Activities					
Culture and Recreation	\$ 10,572,320	37,431	218,897		(10,315,992)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	547,699	_	_	_	(547,699)
-					, ,
Total Governmental Activities	11,120,019	37,431	218,897	<u> </u>	(10,863,691)
		General Re Taxes Property Intergover		rricted	13,089,905
			nent Taxes		293,769
		Investmen			1,450,739
		Miscellan	eous		32,137
					14,866,550
		Change in 1	Net Position		4,002,859
	Net Position - Beginning				34,535,699
		Net Position	n - Ending		38,538,558

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	7,038,572
Receivables - Net of Allowances		4.210.604
Taxes Interest		4,310,604
Due from Other Funds		29,733
Prepaids		180
Total Assets		11,379,089
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		833,802
Accrued Payroll		116,157
Due to Other Funds		040.050
Total Liabilities		949,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes		4,185,842
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	5,135,801
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable		180
Restricted		
Committed Unassigned		6,243,108
Total Fund Balances		6,243,288
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances		11,379,089

	Capital		
	Projects		
Debt	Special		
Service	Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
1,838,536	23,260,624	1,632,517	33,770,249
1,408,023	_	533,431	6,252,058
_	26,321		26,321
_	_	_	29,733
		50,554	50,734
3,246,559	23,286,945	2,216,502	40,129,095
_	_	48,676	882,478
	_		116,157
_	_	29,733	29,733
_	_	78,409	1,028,368
1,367,253	_	518,006	6,071,101
1,367,253		596,415	7,099,469
_	_	50,554	50,734
1,879,306	_	1,598,521	3,477,827
_	23,286,945	_	23,286,945
<u> </u>		(28,988)	6,214,120
1,879,306	23,286,945	1,620,087	33,029,626
2.246.550	22.207.245	2.21 (7.22	10.100.007
3,246,559	23,286,945	2,216,502	40,129,095

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	33,029,626
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial		
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		24,694,565
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Items - IMRF		1,830,453
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences Payable		(165,619)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		(790,135)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP		(663,507)
General Obligations Bonds - Net	((18,018,506)
Subscriptions Payable		(1,131,298)
Accrued Interest Payable		(247,021)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		38,538,558

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	8,952,910
Intergovernmental		512,666
Fines and Fees		37,431
Investment Income		268,990
Miscellaneous		32,137
Total Revenues	_	9,804,134
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation		8,154,802
Capital Outlay		1,031,418
Debt Service		
Principal Retirement		590,189
Interest and Fiscal Charges		30,813
Total Expenditures	_	9,807,222
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,088)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Debt Issuance		611,891
Transfers In		_
Transfers Out		(128,519)
	_	483,372
Net Change in Fund Balances		480,284
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	5,763,004
Fund Balances - Ending		6,243,288

Totals 13,089,905 512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137 15,122,878
13,089,905 512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
13,089,905 512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
13,089,905 512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
512,666 37,431 1,450,739 32,137
1,450,739 32,137
32,137
15,122,878
9,373,312
1,031,418
3,145,189
721,163
14,271,082
851,796
611,891
128,519
(128,519)
611,891
1 462 697
1,463,687
31,565,939
33,029,626

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,463,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	904,892
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	(1,558,688)
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related	
to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(459,642)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, While the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences Payable	(24,937)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	1,211,905
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(241,120)
Issuance of Debt	(611,891)
Retirement of Debt	3,145,189
Amortization of Bond Premium	208,745
Amortization of Loss on Refunding	(75,905)
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	
does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	40,624
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	4,002,859

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fountaindale Public Library District's (the District) government-wide financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The District is a municipal corporation governed by an elected President and six-member Board of Trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government. Management has determined that there are no discretely component units to include in the reporting entity.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds).

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions (public library, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property and replacement taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, investment income, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property and replacement taxes, investment income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District maintains five nonmajor special revenue funds.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund is treated as a major fund and records all of the District's general obligation debt activity.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Special Reserve Fund, a major fund, is used to account for funds committed for future capital maintenance, replacements, and improvements.

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. The District maintains one nonmajor permanent fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/ deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes.

Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more (depending on asset class) are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expenses as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized/amortized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation/amortization on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation/amortization over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Improvements	20 - 40 Years
Vehicles	7 - 10 Years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	7 Years
Subscription Assets	2 - 7 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

Long-Term Obligations - Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

BUDGETARY INFORMATION - Continued

All departments of the District submit requests for appropriations to the Library Director so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. The Library Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year no amendments were made to the originally filed budget.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the District's funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Funds, and the Illinois Public Reserves Investment Management Trust.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

The Illinois Public Reserves Investment Management Trust (IPRIME) is an investment opportunity and cash management service for Illinois Municipal Treasurers acting on behalf of counties, townships, cities, towns, villages, special road districts, public water supply districts, fire protection districts, drainage districts, levee districts, sewer districts, housing authorities, and all other political corporations or subdivisions of the State of Illinois. Participation in IPRIME is voluntary. IPRIME is not registered with the SEC as an Investment Company. Investments in IPRIME are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$17,222,760 and the bank balances totaled \$17,350,863.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments. The District has the following investment fair values and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)				
		Fair	Less Than			More Than	
Investment Type		Value	1	1-5	6-10	10	
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	6,169,200	510,813	5,658,387	_	_	
U.S. Agency Securities	Ψ	1,514,337		1,514,337			
Municipal Bonds		1,000,000		1,000,000		_	
Illinois Funds		160,030	160,030	_		_	
IPRIME		7,703,922	7,703,922		_		
		16,547,489	8,374,765	8,172,724		<u> </u>	

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end:

			Fair Value Measurements Using		
		•	Quoted		
			Prices		
			in Active	Significant	
			Markets for	Other	Significant
			Identical	Observable	Unobservable
			Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level		Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities	·				
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	6,169,200	6,169,200		
U.S. Agency Securities		1,514,337		1,514,337	
Municipal Bonds		1,000,000		1,000,000	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		8,683,537	6,169,200	2,514,337	<u> </u>
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)					
Illinois Funds		160,030			
IPRIME		7,703,922			
Total Investments at the (NAV)		7,863,952			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	_	16,547,489			

Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in primarily short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity of the portfolio. However, investment purchases mirror daily cash flow needs. Consequently, there is no limit attached to the maturity dates of the investment purchases as a means of managing the District's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District's investments in the Illinois Funds and IPRIME have average maturities of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Besides investing in security instruments authorized under State Statute, the District does not have an investment policy that addresses credit risk. At yearend, the District's investments in U.S. agency securities and municipal bonds were not rated, the Illinois Funds were rated AAAmmf by Fitch, and IPRIME was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District does not have an investment policy that addresses concentration of credit risk. At year-end, the District does not have any investments over 5 percent of cash and investments (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions, the District's investment policy requires that deposits with financial institutions in excess of FDIC be collateralized with collateral of at least 110% of the deposits at institution held by an independent third party in the name of the District. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the District's investment policy requires that deposit with financial institutions in excess of FDIC be collateralized with collateral held by an independent third party in the name of the District. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance. The District's investment in the Illinois Funds and IPRIME is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2023 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them in two fairly equal payments with a third lesser payment of any disputed taxes.

INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances result from the time lag between when transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General	Nonmajor Governmental	<u>\$</u>	29,733		

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Tra	insfers Out	Α	mount
Nonmajor Governm	ental	General	\$	128,519

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable/Nonamortizable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 470,665			470,665
Construction in Progress	— —	53,190		53,190
18 11	470,665	53,190	_	523,855
Downsights/Amortinghts Conital Assats				
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets	20 201 202	10 (52		20.210.055
Building and Improvements	29,201,203	18,652	_	29,219,855
Vehicles	561,437			561,437
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,287,470	217,844	_	3,505,314
Subscription Assets	1,722,408	615,206		2,337,614
	34,772,518	851,702		35,624,220
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Building and Improvements	7,382,604	651,982	_	8,034,586
Vehicles	176,188	56,144		232,332
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,839,426	253,003		2,092,429
Subscription Assets	496,604	597,559	_	1,094,163
-	9,894,822	1,558,688	_	11,453,510
Total Net Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets	24,877,696	(706,986)		24,170,710
Total Net Capital Assets	25,348,361	(653,796)	<u> </u>	24,694,565

Depreciation expense of \$1,558,688 was charged to the culture and recreation function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2016A (\$9,775,000) due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$2,900,000 plus interest at 2.00% through February 1, 2028.	\$ 6,760,000	_	940,000	5,820,000
General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2018 (\$10,545,000) due in annual installments of \$870,000 to \$1,625,000 plus interest at 4.00% to 5.00% through February 1, 2027.	6,050,000	_	1,410,000	4,640,000
General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2019 (\$7,290,000) due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$3,125,000 plus interest at 4.00% through February 1, 2030.	 7,070,000		205,000	6,865,000
	19,880,000		2,555,000	17,325,000

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Subscriptions Payable

For the year-ended, the District entered into various subscriptions for the use of subscription-based information technology arrangements. The subscriptions range from \$17 to \$240,000, with interest rates from 1.71% to 3.14%. Initial subscription liabilities were recorded in the amount of \$1,699,658. As of year-end, the value of the subscription liabilities are \$1,131,298. The District is required to make annual fixed payments ranging from \$9,307 to \$379,707. The value of the right to use asset as of year-end of \$2,337,614 with accumulated amortization of \$1,094,163. These balances are reported as subscription assets in the capital assets note disclosure located elsewhere in Note 3.

The future principal and interest subscription payments as of the year-end were as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
			_
2025	\$ 358,836	20,871	379,707
2026	331,688	14,716	346,404
2027	65,660	7,785	73,445
2028	65,808	6,625	72,433
2029	54,675	5,466	60,141
2030	55,648	4,493	60,141
2031	56,321	3,503	59,824
2032	57,320	2,504	59,824
2033	58,202	1,487	59,689
2034	8,993	463	9,456
2035	8,996	310	9,306
2036	 9,151	156	9,307
Totals	 1,131,298	68,379	1,199,677

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 140,682	49,874	24,937	165,619	33,124
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	2,002,040	_	1,211,905	790,135	_
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	422,387	241,120	_	663,507	_
General Obligation Bonds	19,880,000	_	2,555,000	17,325,000	2,655,000
Plus: Unamortized Premium	1,179,625	_	208,745	970,880	208,745
Subscriptions Payable	1,109,596	611,891	590,189	1,131,298	358,836
	24,734,330	902,885	4,590,776	21,046,439	3,255,705

The compensated absences, the net pension liability, the total OPEB liability, and the subscriptions payable are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Gener	General					
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation Bonds					
Year	Principal	Interest					
2025	\$ 2,655,000	592,850					
2026	2,745,000	504,950					
2027	2,850,000	396,800					
2028	2,945,000	305,000					
2029	3,005,000	245,200					
2030	3,125,000	125,000					
	17,325,000	2,169,800					

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides, "...no municipality having a population of less than 500,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the municipality's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2023	\$ 2,614,987,295
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Equalized Assessed Value	75,180,885
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	17,325,000
Legal Debt Margin	57,855,885

NET POSITION CLASSIFICATION

Investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 24,694,565
Plus: Loss on Refunding	277,374
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2016A	(5,820,000)
General Obligation Library Building Bonds of 2018	(4,640,000)
General Obligation Refunding Library Bonds of 2019	(6,865,000)
Subscriptions Payable	(1,131,298)
Unamortized Premium	 (970,880)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	 5,544,761

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental fund financial statements, the District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The District's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to 25% of current fiscal year budgeted operating expenditures, less capital outlay.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

			Capital		
		Debt _	Projects Special		
	General	Service	Reserve	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances Nonspendable					
Prepaids	\$ 180	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	50,554	50,734
Restricted Property Tax Levies					
Debt Service		1,879,306			1,879,306
Social Security				104,991	104,991
Illinois Municipal Retirement				294,967	294,967
Audit				10,000	10,000
Equipping and Maintenance				10,000	10,000
Working Cash	 			1,178,563	1,178,563
	 	1,879,306	_	1,598,521	3,477,827
Committed					
Capital Projects	 		23,286,945		23,286,945
Unassigned	 6,243,108	_	_	(28,988)	6,214,120
Total Fund Balances	6,243,288	1,879,306	23,286,945	1,620,087	33,029,626

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the District's employees. These risks are provided for through the District's participation in the Library Insurance Management and Risk Control Cooperative (LIMRiCC). LIMRiCC is a governmental joint venture whose members are Illinois libraries. LIMRiCC manages and funds first party property losses, third party liability claims, boiler and machinery claims, workers' compensation claims, and public official liability claims of its members. The District's participation is limited to unemployment compensation claims only. The District's payments to LIMRiCC are displayed in the financial statements as expenditures in the appropriate fund. The amount of coverage has not decreased nor have the amount of settlements exceeded coverage in the current fiscal prior or any of the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings with respect to employment, civil rights, property taxes and other matters. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the District attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The District contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	110
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	134
Active Plan Members	92
Total	336

Contributions. As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2024, the District's contribution was 5.27% of covered payroll.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Net Pension Liability. The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.75%
Inflation	2.25%

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued.

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	24.50%	4.75%
Domestic Equities	34.50%	5.00%
International Equities	18.00%	6.35%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.30%
Blended	11.50%	6.05% - 8.65%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	3.80%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the District calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Not Dangion Lightlity/(Aggst)	¢	2 9 4 7 0 7 6	700 125	(1 (20 115)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Ф	3,847,076	790,135	(1,629,115)

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 25,412,446	23,410,406	2,002,040
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	376,279	_	376,279
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,795,973	_	1,795,973
Changes of Benefit Terms		_	
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	334,248	_	334,248
Changes of Assumptions	(26,689)	_	(26,689)
Contributions - Employer		217,683	(217,683)
Contributions - Employees		201,975	(201,975)
Net Investment Income		2,633,355	(2,633,355)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,657,092)	(1,657,092)	
Other (Net Transfer)	 	638,703	(638,703)
Net Changes	822,719	2,034,624	(1,211,905)
Balances at December 31, 2023	26,235,165	25,445,030	790,135

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$492,873. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 334,804	(5,477)	329,327
Change in Assumptions		(18,887)	(18,887)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,374,461	_	1,374,461
Total Pension Expense to be			
Recognized in Future Periods	1,709,265	(24,364)	1,684,901
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	 145,552		145,552
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	 1,854,817	(24,364)	1,830,453

\$145,552 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 271,984
2026	580,520
2027	1,023,958
2028	(191,561)
2029	_
Thereafter	
Total	1,684,901

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefit Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general employees of the District. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Benefits Provided. The Retiree Benefits Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for the individual to pay the entire cost of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees and supplemental health insurance premiums for Medicare-eligible retirees.

Plan Membership. As of June 30, 2024, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	3
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	
Active Plan Members	64
Total	67

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - Continued.

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	3.93%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 6.80% for PPO plans in 2024, an initial rate of

7.50% for HSA plan in 2024, and an initial rate of 7.60% for HMO plan in 2024 and all plans decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 5.00% in years 2034 and later.

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. The municipal bond rate assumption is based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PubG-2010(B) Improved Generationally using MP-2020 Improverment rates, weighted per IMRF Experience Study Reported dated December 14, 2020; Age 83 for Males, Age 87 for Females.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB	
		Liability
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	422,387
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		5,856
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		15,019
Changes of Benefit Terms		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		245,508
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		(3,433)
Benefit Payments		(21,830)
Other Changes		
Net Changes		241,120
Balance at June 30, 2024		663,507

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.93%, while the prior valuation used 3.65%. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease (2.93%)		Discount Rate (3.93%)	1% Increase (4.93%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	724,201	663,507	608,750

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the Healthcare Trend Rates, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

			Healthcare		
			Cost Trend		
	1%	6 Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
		(Varies)	(Varies)	(Varies)	
				_	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	590,959	663,507	749,879	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$262,950. Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OPEB Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule Employer Contributions June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Excess/ (Deficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 579,121	\$ 607,664	\$ 28,543	\$ 2,939,699	20.67%
2016	566,665	566,665		3,105,011	18.25%
2017	651,894	651,894		3,275,851	19.90%
2018	619,224	619,224	_	3,381,888	18.31%
2019	649,343	649,343		3,419,392	18.99%
2020	316,541	307,241	(9,300)	3,576,729	8.59%
2021	404,065	404,065		3,829,996	10.55%
2022	390,954	390,648	(306)	3,825,382	10.21%
2023	280,930	280,930	_	4,378,942	6.42%
2024	259,390	259,390	_	4,922,712	5.27%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	20 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Fair Value
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.75% to 13.75%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7 25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected

using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements

projected using scale MP-2020.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) June 30, 2024

		12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	373,359	333,485	354,744
Interest		1,314,442	1,412,967	1,461,086
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience				
and Actual Experience		(84,139)	(58,124)	51,762
Change of Assumptions		794,569	23,211	(47,712)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds				
of Member Contributions	_	(1,038,209)	(1,040,734)	(1,066,555)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,360,022	670,805	753,325
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		17,858,317	19,218,339	19,889,144
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	19,218,339	19,889,144	20,642,469
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	607,664	566,665	651,894
Contributions - Members		138,807	139,726	148,367
Net Investment Income		982,236	83,502	1,165,447
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		•		
of Member Contributions		(1,038,209)	(1,040,734)	(1,066,555)
Other (Net Transfer)	_	(71,084)	349,658	179,552
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		619,414	98,817	1,078,705
Plan Net Position - Beginning		16,248,097	16,867,511	16,966,328
Plan Net Position - Ending	_	16,867,511	16,966,328	18,045,033
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	2,350,828	2,922,816	2,597,436
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage				
of the Total Pension Liability		87.77%	85.30%	87.42%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,939,699	3,105,011	3,275,851
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a				
Percentage of Covered Payroll		79.97%	94.13%	79.29%

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2014 through 2018 and 2020. Changes in assumptions related to the demographics were made in 2014, 2017 and 2023.

12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023
12/31/2017	12/31/2010	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12,31,2021	12/31/2022	12,31,2023
346,250	317,686	351,501	351,907	360,894	348,981	376,279
1,517,494	1,541,975	1,584,408	1,656,637	1,711,730	1,744,688	1,795,973
356,937	106,404	479,304	624,016	(25,016)	229,872	334,248
•	•	479,304	· ·	(23,010)	229,672	-
(684,914)	597,041		(345,252)			(26,689)
(1,164,684)	(1,225,470)	(1,346,078)	(1,492,226)	(1,571,565)	(1,602,543)	(1,657,092)
		,	,	, , , , , ,	, , , , ,	
371,083	1,337,636	1,069,135	795,082	476,043	720,998	822,719
20,642,469	21,013,552	22,351,188	23,420,323	24,215,405	24,691,448	25,412,446
21,013,552	22,351,188	23,420,323	24,215,405	24,691,448	25,412,446	26,235,165
619,224	649,343	307,241	404,065	390,648	317,756	217,683
221,031	153,873	160,955	189,371	172,008	179,728	201,975
3,290,011	(1,253,014)	3,743,637	3,286,482	4,420,080	(3,867,606)	2,633,355
3,270,011	(1,233,014)	3,743,037	3,200,402	4,420,000	(3,007,000)	2,033,333
(1,164,684)	(1,225,470)	(1,346,078)	(1,492,226)	(1,571,565)	(1,602,543)	(1,657,092)
(379,475)	434,134	239,267	171,714	5,238	(87,772)	638,703
	•	•	•			
2,586,107	(1,241,134)	3,105,022	2,559,406	3,416,409	(5,060,437)	2,034,624
18,045,033	20,631,140	19,390,006	22,495,028	25,054,434	28,470,843	23,410,406
20,631,140	19,390,006	22,495,028	25,054,434	28,470,843	23,410,406	25,445,030
382,412	2,961,182	925,295	(839,029)	(3,779,395)	2,002,040	790,135
302,112	2,501,102	725,275	(037,027)	(3,777,373)	2,002,010	770,133
		0.7.7.7.	404			
98.18%	86.75%	96.05%	103.46%	115.31%	92.12%	96.99%
3,381,888	3,419,392	3,576,729	3,829,996	3,825,382	3,996,933	4,488,326
-				-		
11 210/	07.700/	25.070/	(21.010/)	(00.000/)	50.000/	17.600/
11.31%	86.60%	25.87%	(21.91%)	(98.80%)	50.09%	17.60%

Retiree Benefit Plan Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2024

		6/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	10,276
Interest		17,298
Changes in Benefit Terms		_
Differences Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		_
Change of Assumptions or		
Other Inputs		
Benefit Payments		(15,889)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		11,685
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		454,905
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>—</u>	466,590
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	N/A
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		N/A

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2018 through 2024.

6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
10,674	8,641	9,199	10,693	6,158	5,856
17,699	17,727	13,555	13,405	14,957	15,019
_	_	_	_	_	_
_	27,238	_	(12,267)	_	245,508
22,835	88,294	4,598	(187,658)	(9,749)	(3,433)
(18,494)	(18,573)	(18,573)	(21,612)	(22,950)	(21,830)
32,714	123,327	8,779	(197,439)	(11,584)	241,120
466,590	499,304	622,631	631,410	433,971	422,387
499,304	622,631	631,410	433,971	422,387	663,507
N/A	3,843,285	3,964,107	4,055,359	4,518,713	4,038,520
N/A	16.20%	15.93%	10.70%	9.35%	16.43%

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Dudgeted	Amounta	Actual
	Budgeted . Original	Final	Actual Amounts
	Original	T IIIai	Amounts
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 12,527,625	12,527,625	8,952,910
Intergovernmental			
Replacement Taxes	424,000	424,000	293,769
Grants	98,897	98,897	218,897
Fines and Fees	25,000	25,000	37,431
Investment Income	_		268,990
Miscellaneous	11,000	11,000	32,137
Total Revenues	13,086,522	13,086,522	9,804,134
Expenditures			
Culture and Recreation			
Personnel	7,425,120	7,425,120	5,632,067
Contractual Services	786,720	786,720	432,451
Supplies and Utilities	787,800	787,800	574,285
Library Materials	1,685,640	1,685,640	1,348,616
Grant Expenditures	98,897	98,897	98,897
Miscellaneous	91,200	91,200	68,486
Capital Outlay	5,858,000	5,858,000	1,031,418
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	_		590,189
Interest and Fiscal Charges			30,813
Total Expenditures	16,733,377	16,733,377	9,807,222
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,646,855)	(3,646,855)	(3,088)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt Issuance	_	_	611,891
Transfers Out		_	(128,519)
		_	483,372
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,646,855)	(3,646,855)	480,284
Fund Balance - Beginning			5,763,004
Fund Balance - Ending			6,243,288

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Social Security Fund

The Social Security Fund is used to account for the revenue of taxes levied and related expenditures for employer payments for Social Security withholding.

Liability Insurance Fund

The Liability Insurance Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditures of an annual property tax levy for the payment of premiums of public liability insurance carried by the District.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is used to account for the revenues of taxes levied and related expenditures for employer payments for retirement contributions.

Audit Fund

The Audit Fund is used to account for the expenses related to the District's annual audit. Financing is provided by a specific annual tax levy and transfers.

Equipping and Maintenance Fund

The Equipping and Maintenance Fund is used to account for the expenses related to the District's equipment and maintenance of the building. Financing is provided by a specific annual tax levy and transfers.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for funds committed for future capital maintenance, replacements, and improvements.

PERMANENT FUND

The Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Working Cash Fund

The Working Cash Fund is used to account for payments for general government expenditures if tax revenue is temporarily unavailable. Upon receipt of tax revenues, the General Fund must repay this permanent fund.

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budge	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Amounts	
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,498,5	591 1,498,591	3,000,556	
Investment Income	72,0	000 72,000	91,312	
Total Revenues	1,570,5	591 1,570,591	3,091,868	
Expenditures				
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	3,066,0	3,066,000	2,555,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	828,4	120 828,420	690,350	
Total Expenditures	3,894,4	3,894,420	3,245,350	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,323,82	29) (2,323,829)	(153,482)	
Fund Balance - Beginning			2,032,788	
Fund Balance - Ending			1,879,306	

Special Reserve - Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	
		Original	Final	Amounts	
Revenues Investment Income	\$	122,110	122,110	1,028,356	
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services			_	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		122,110	122,110	1,028,356	
Fund Balance - Beginning				22,258,589	
Fund Balance - Ending				23,286,945	

Nonmajor Governmental Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Nonmajor Governmental Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

		Special
	Social Security	Liability Insurance
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 98,888	_
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes Prepaids	210,920	25,752 50,554
Total Assets	309,808	76,306
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	_	_
Due to Other Funds		29,733
Total Liabilities	_	29,733
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	204,817	25,007
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	204,817	54,740
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable	_	50,554
Restricted	104,991	_
Unassigned		(28,988)
Total Fund Balances	104,991	21,566
Total Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances	309,808	76,306

		Permanent	
	Equipping and	Working	
Audit	Maintenance	Cash	Totals
9,893	28,828	1,178,563	1,632,517
3,679	187,620	_	533,431
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	50,554
13,572	216,448	1,178,563	2,216,502
_	24,246	_	48,676
_	_	_	29,733
_	24,246	_	78,409
3,572	182,202	_	518,006
3,572	206,448	_	596,415
_	_	_	50,554
10,000	10,000	1,178,563	1,598,521
	_		(28,988)
10,000	10,000	1,178,563	1,620,087
13 572	216 448	1 178 563	2,216,502
	9,893 3,679 — 13,572 — 3,572 3,572 10,000 — 10,000	9,893 28,828 3,679 187,620 — — 13,572 216,448 — — — 24,246 — — 24,246 3,572 182,202 3,572 206,448	Audit Equipping and Maintenance Working Cash 9,893 28,828 1,178,563 3,679 187,620 — — — — 13,572 216,448 1,178,563 — — — — 24,246 — — — — — 24,246 — — — — 3,572 182,202 — 3,572 206,448 — — — — 10,000 10,000 1,178,563 — — — 10,000 10,000 1,178,563

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Special
	Social Security		Liability Insurance
Revenues Taxes Investment Income	\$	438,399	53,004
Total Revenues		438,399	53,004
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Capital Outlay		379,536	105,427
Total Expenditures		379,536	105,427
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		58,863	(52,423)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In			
Net Change in Fund Balances		58,863	(52,423)
Fund Balances - Beginning		46,128	73,989
Fund Balances - Ending		104,991	21,566

Revenue				
Illinois			Permanent	
Municipal		Equipping and	Working	
Retirement	Audit	Maintenance	Cash	Totals
285,255	7,669	352,112	_	1,136,439
_	_	_	62,081	62,081
285,255	7,669	352,112	62,081	1,198,520
259,390	17,760	456,397	_	1,218,510
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
259,390	17,760	456,397	<u> </u>	1,218,510
25,865	(10,091)	(104,285)	62,081	(19,990)
	14,234	114,285	_	128,519
25,865	4,143	10,000	62,081	108,529
269,102	5,857	_	1,116,482	1,511,558
294,967	10,000	10,000	1,178,563	1,620,087

Social Security - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	
		Original Final		Amounts	
Revenues Taxes Property Taxes	\$	685,919	685,919	438,399	
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services		535,488	535,488	379,536	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	150,431	150,431	58,863	
Fund Balance - Beginning				46,128	
Fund Balance - Ending				104,991	

Liability Insurance - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	
		Original	Final	Amounts	
Revenues Taxes					
Property Taxes	\$	80,953	80,953	53,004	
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services		171,000	171,000	105,427	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(90,047)	(90,047)	(52,423)	
Fund Balance - Beginning				73,989	
Fund Balance - Ending				21,566	

Illinois Municipal Retirement - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual
		Original	Final	Amounts
Revenues Taxes Property Taxes	\$	559,278	559,278	285,255
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services		368,148	368,148	259,390
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	191,130	191,130	25,865
Fund Balance - Beginning				269,102
Fund Balance - Ending				294,967

Audit - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	
	Original		Final	Amounts	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property Taxes	\$	11,422	11,422	7,669	
Expenditures Culture and Recreation					
Contractual Services		30,000	30,000	17,760	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(18,578)	(18,578)	(10,091)	
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		_		14,234	
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(18,578)	(18,578)	4,143	
Fund Balance - Beginning				5,857	
Fund Balance - Ending				10,000	

Equipping and Maintenance - Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted A	Actual	
	Original		Final	Amounts
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$	481,299	481,299	352,112
Expenditures				
Culture and Recreation				
Contractual Services		478,200	478,200	412,224
Supplies and Utilities		54,000	54,000	44,173
Total Expenditures		532,200	532,200	456,397
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		(50,901)	(50,901)	(104,285)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers In				114,285
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,901)	(50,901)	10,000
Fund Balance - Beginning				
Fund Balance - Ending				10,000

Working Cash - Permanent Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts
Revenues Investment Income	\$	36,000	36,000	62,081
Expenditures Culture and Recreation Contractual Services				<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		36,000	36,000	62,081
Fund Balance - Beginning				1,116,482
Fund Balance - Ending				1,178,563

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2016A June 30, 2024

Date of Issue September 14, 2016
Date of Maturity February 1, 2028
Authorized Issue \$9,775,000
Interest Rate 2.00%
Interest Dates August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date February 1
Payable at Bond Trust Services Corporation

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2025	\$ 915,000	116,400	1,031,400
2026	895,000	98,100	993,100
2027	1,110,000	80,200	1,190,200
2028	2,900,000	58,000	2,958,000
	 5,820,000	352,700	6,172,700

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2018 June 30, 2024

Date of Issue December 11, 2018

Date of Maturity February 1, 2027

Authorized Issue \$10,545,000

Interest Rates 4.00% to 5.00%

Interest Dates August 1 and February 1

Principal Maturity Date February 1

Payable at Zions Bancorporation, National Association

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
			_
2025	\$ 1,515,000	201,850	1,716,850
2026	1,625,000	141,250	1,766,250
2027	1,500,000	60,000	1,560,000
	 4,640,000	403,100	5,043,100

Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Library Refunding Bonds of 2019 June 30, 2024

Date of Issue November 25, 2020
Date of Maturity February 1, 2030
Authorized Issue \$7,290,000
Interest Rate 4.00%
Interest Dates August 1 and February 1
Principal Maturity Date February 1
Payable at Zions Bancorporation, National Association

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2025	\$ 225,000	274,600	499,600
2026	225,000	265,600	490,600
2027	240,000	256,600	496,600
2028	45,000	247,000	292,000
2029	3,005,000	245,200	3,250,200
2030	3,125,000	125,000	3,250,000
	6,865,000	1,414,000	8,279,000

Property Tax Assessed Valuations, Rates, Extensions, and Collections - Last Two Tax Levy Years June 30, 2024

Tax Levy Year	2023						
	Will Cou		DuPage County				
Assessed Valuation	\$2,565,929	•	\$49,057.	•			
	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount			
Tax Extensions							
Corporate	0.3509 \$	9,003,848	0.3507 \$	176,650			
Audit	0.0003	7,698	0.0003	151			
Tort/Liability	0.0021	53,884	0.0021	1,058			
Social Security	0.0172	441,340	0.0172	8,664			
I.M.R.F.	0.0086	2,220,670	0.0086	4,332			
Building Maintenance	0.0153	392,587	0.0153	7,707			
Bond and Interest	0.1148	2,945,688	0.1159	58,379			
Prior Year Adjustment	0.0006	15,396	0.0018	906			
	0.5098	15,081,111	0.5119	257,847			
Total Will County Extension	\$	15,081,111					
Total DuPage County Extension		257,847					
Total Extensions	_	15,338,958					
Tax Collections							
Current Year Ended	\$	6,959,285					
Previous Years		<u> </u>					
Total Collected	_	6,959,285					
Percentage Collected		45.4%					

	202	22		
Will Cou	ınty	DuPage County		
\$2,392,682	2,021	\$47,170,540		
Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	
0.3561 \$	8,520,341	0.3561 \$	167,974	
0.0003	7,178	0.0003	141	
0.0021	50,246	0.0021	991	
0.0175	418,719	0.0008	8,255	
0.0144	344,546	0.0144	6,793	
0.0123	294,300	0.0123	5,802	
0.1230	2,942,999	0.1242	58,586	
0.0005	11,964	0.0008	377	
0.5262	12,590,293	0.5110	248,919	
\$	12,590,293			
	248,919			
	_			
	12,839,212			
\$	6,134,034			
	6,679,965			
=	12,813,999			
	99.8%			

STATISTICAL SECTION

Governmental Revenues by Sources - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

See Following Page

Governmental Revenues by Sources - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 10,328,356	10,474,235	10,707,090	10,934,264
Intergovernmental	149,904	52,173	1,200	52,552
Fines and Fees	127,122	129,330	115,793	115,711
Investment Income	59,038	105,127	115,903	330,234
Miscellaneous	181,932	180,525	195,148	189,236
Total Revenues	10,846,352	10,941,390	11,135,134	11,621,997

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
11,313,211	11,419,793	11,345,581	13,696,190	12,580,595	13,089,905
84,604	84,604	84,604	99,832	544,898	512,666
73,164	58,297	37,347	40,715	41,972	37,431
776,367	568,265	185,113	134,011	296,727	1,450,739
60,269	21,148	24,393	82,847	42,435	32,137
12,307,615	12,152,107	11,677,038	14,053,595	13,506,627	15,122,878

Governmental Expenditures by Sources - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenditures				
Culture and Recreation				
Personnel	\$ 4,482,024	4,485,351	4,588,565	4,599,356
Contractual Services	776,104	712,375	762,302	813,480
Supplies and Utilities	438,940	471,976	747,349	812,510
Library Materials	861,089	842,310	837,319	768,541
Grant Expenditures	210,303	364,095	113,500	178,413
Miscellaneous	_	_		_
Capital Outlay	361,202	211,347	429,963	510,894
Debt Service	2,565,465	2,644,653	2,842,195	2,711,908
Total Expenditures	9,695,127	9,732,107	10,321,193	10,395,102

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4,889,871	4,919,339	4,989,720	5,100,284	5,663,162	6,270,993
705,647	812,182	857,727	953,564	865,354	967,862
812,179	403,819	430,646	472,077	527,006	618,458
1,025,925	879,030	1,227,386	1,219,298	861,013	1,348,616
139,743	127,842	143,162	163,309	98,897	98,897
_	_		_	74,246	68,486
231,431	690,378	736,624	596,721	810,189	1,031,418
14,528,267	11,686,574	2,879,452	2,988,350	3,748,014	3,866,352
22,333,063	19,519,164	11,264,717	11,493,603	12,647,881	14,271,082

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2024

Tax Levy Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Percentage Amount of Levy		Percentage of Outstanding/ Delinquent Taxes
2014	\$ 10,246,945	\$ 10,143,812	98.99%	Taxes \$ 103,133	1.01%
2015	10,473,202	10,461,746	99.89%	11,456	0.11%
2016	10,555,679	10,540,392	99.86%	15,287	0.14%
2017	10,985,591	10,968,472	99.84%	17,119	0.16%
2018	10,993,404	10,964,317	99.74%	29,087	0.26%
2019	11,739,824	11,736,190	99.97%	3,634	0.03%
2020	12,121,748	12,108,183	99.89%	13,565	0.11%
2021	12,507,005	12,496,150	99.91%	10,855	0.09%
2022	12,839,212	12,813,999	99.80%	25,213	0.20%
2023	15,338,958	6,959,285	45.37%	8,379,673	54.63%

Equalized Assessed Valuations - Last Ten Tax Levy Years June 30, 2024

Tax	Will	DuPage	
Levy Year	County	County	Totals
2014	\$ 1,726,910,484	\$ 38,294,570	\$ 1,765,205,054
2015	1,758,120,745	36,565,630	1,794,686,375
2016	1,848,603,770	37,928,540	1,886,532,310
2017	1,957,656,862	39,260,229	1,996,917,091
2018	2,069,408,819	40,478,780	2,109,887,599
2019	2,119,578,602	42,747,440	2,162,326,042
2020	2,204,406,472	44,835,420	2,249,241,892
2021	2,269,494,738	45,431,740	2,314,926,478
2022	2,392,682,021	47,170,540	2,439,852,561
2023	2,565,929,934	49,057,361	2,614,987,295

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures to Total Governmental Expenditures - Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Totals	Governmental Expenditures	Percentage of Debt to Governmental Expenditures
2015	\$ 925,000	\$ 1,640,465	\$ 2,565,465	\$ 9,695,127	26.5%
2016	1,025,000	1,619,654	2,644,654	9,732,107	27.2%
2017	1,310,000	1,532,195	2,842,195	10,321,193	27.5%
2018	1,385,000	1,326,875	2,711,875	10,395,102	26.1%
2019	13,335,000	1,193,267	14,528,267	22,333,063	65.1%
2020	10,285,000	1,257,485	11,542,485	19,519,164	59.1%
2021	1,960,000	919,450	2,879,450	11,264,717	25.6%
2022	2,140,000	848,350	2,988,350	11,493,603	26.0%
2023	2,955,062	792,952	3,748,014	12,647,881	29.6%
2024	3,145,189	721,163	3,866,352	14,271,082	27.1%

Miscellaneous Statistics June 30, 2024

District Established	1970
Form of Government	District Library
Population Served	67,049
Inventory	
Book	160,936
Non-Book	55,862
eBooks, eAudio, and eVideo	193,644
Total	410,442
Employees	
Full-Time	65
Part-Time	51
Total	116